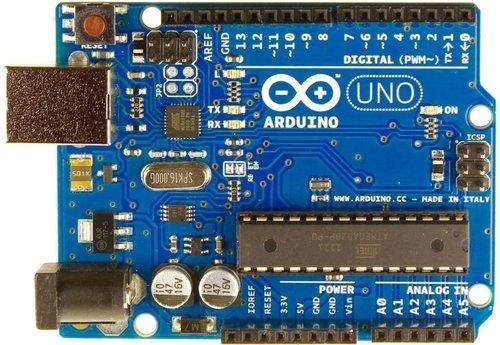
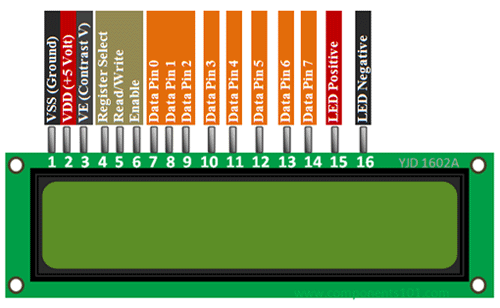
**COMPONENTS USED**

1. **Arduino Uno**



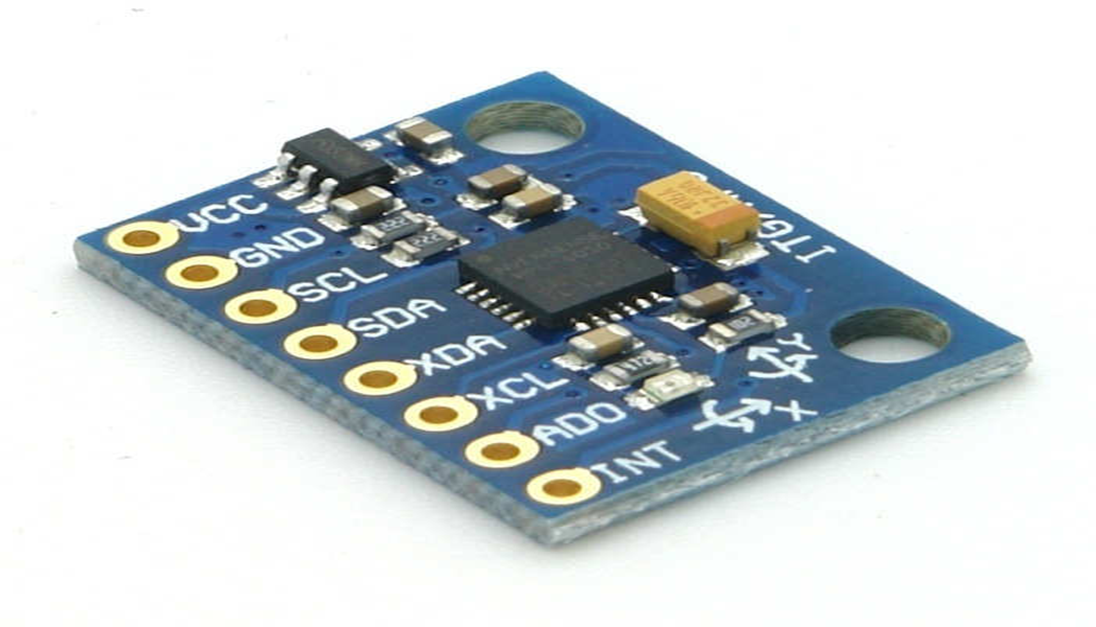
1. **LCD 16\*2 Display**

****

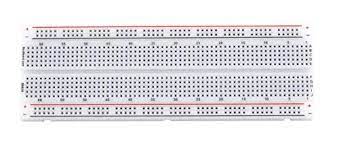
**3) Buzzer**

****

1. **MPU6050 (Gyroscope + Accelerometer + Temperature) Sensor Module**

****

5) Breadboard



6) Jumper wires



**WORKING**

There will four different option available for the patient that are using this model. The message will be display on the lcd with a buzzer sound that will alert the nurses or doctor that a patient need something.

The four option are:

1. Emergency

2. Need water

3. Need to use the restroom

4. Need medicine

**Movements/Gestures:**

**DOWNWARD UPWARD**

****

**LEFT RIGHT**

a representation of isolated handwritten digits that allow

their effective recognition. In this paper used different

machine learning algorithm for recognition of

handwritten numerals. In any recognition process, the

important problem is to address the feature extraction

and correct classification approaches. The proposed

algorithm tries to address both the factors and well in

terms of accuracy and time complexity. The overall

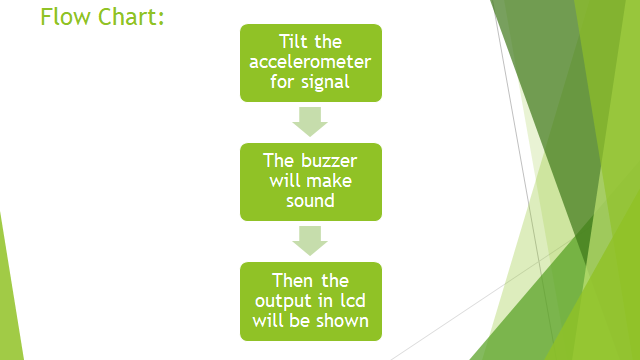
highest accuracy 90.37% is achieved in the recognition

process by Multilayer Perceptron. This work is carried

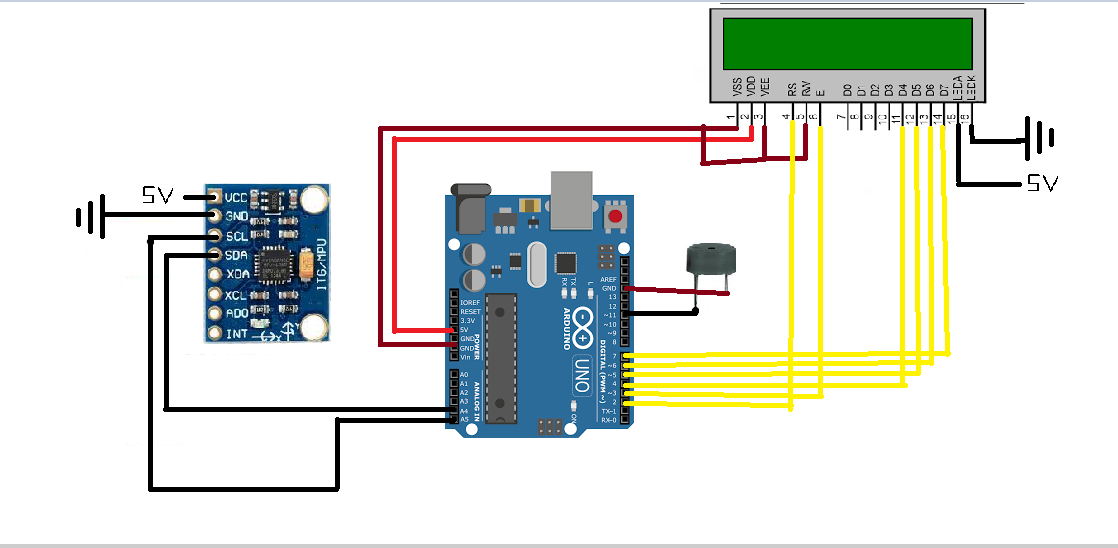
out as an initial attempt, and the aim of the paper is to

facilitate for recognition of handwritten numeral without

using any standard classification techniques



**Circuit Diagram:**

****

**CODING:**

#include "Wire.h"

#include "I2Cdev.h"

#include "MPU6050.h"

#include <LiquidCrystal.h>

LiquidCrystal lcd(2,3,4,5,6,7);

int buzzer = 11;

int gesture=5;

MPU6050 mpu;

int16\_t ax, ay, az;

int16\_t gx, gy, gz;

struct MyData {

byte X;

byte Y;

};

MyData data;

void setup()

{

Serial.begin(9600);

Wire.begin();

mpu.initialize();

lcd.begin(16, 2);

pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);

lcd.clear();

lcd.print("scanning");

Serial.println("welcome");

}

void loop()

{

mpu.getMotion6(&ax, &ay, &az, &gx, &gy, &gz);

data.X = map(ax, -17000, 17000, 0, 255 ); // X axis data

data.Y = map(ay, -17000, 17000, 0, 255); // Y axis data

if (data.Y < 80) {//gesture : downward

if (gesture!=1){

gesture = 1;

lcd.clear();

Serial.println("RESTROOM");

lcd.print("RESTROOM");

digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);

delay(500);

digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);

delay(500);

}}

if (data.Y > 145) {//gesture : upward

if (gesture!=2){

gesture = 2;

lcd.clear();

Serial.println("NEED MEDICINE");

lcd.print("MEDICINE");

digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);

delay(500);

digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);

delay(500);

}}

if (data.X > 155) {//gesture : left

if (gesture!=3){

gesture = 3;

lcd.clear();

lcd.print("NEED WATER");

Serial.println("NEED WATER");

digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);

delay(500);

digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);

delay(500);

}}

if (data.X < 80) {//gesture : right

if (gesture!=4){

gesture = 4;

lcd.clear();

Serial.println("Emergency");

lcd.print("Emergency");

digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);

delay(500);

digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);

delay(500);

}}

if (data.X > 100 && data.X < 170 && data.Y > 80 && data.Y < 130) { //gesture : little bit down

if (gesture!=5){

gesture = 5;

lcd.clear();

Serial.println(" ");

lcd.print(" ");

digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);

delay(500);

digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);

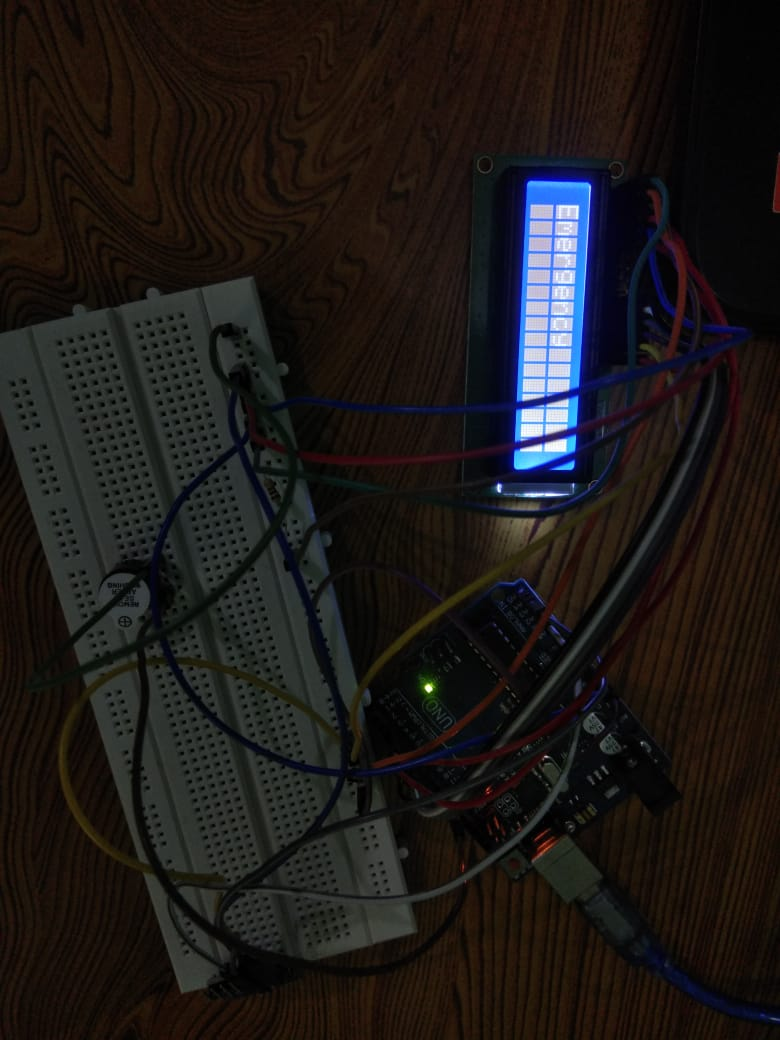
delay(500);

}}

}

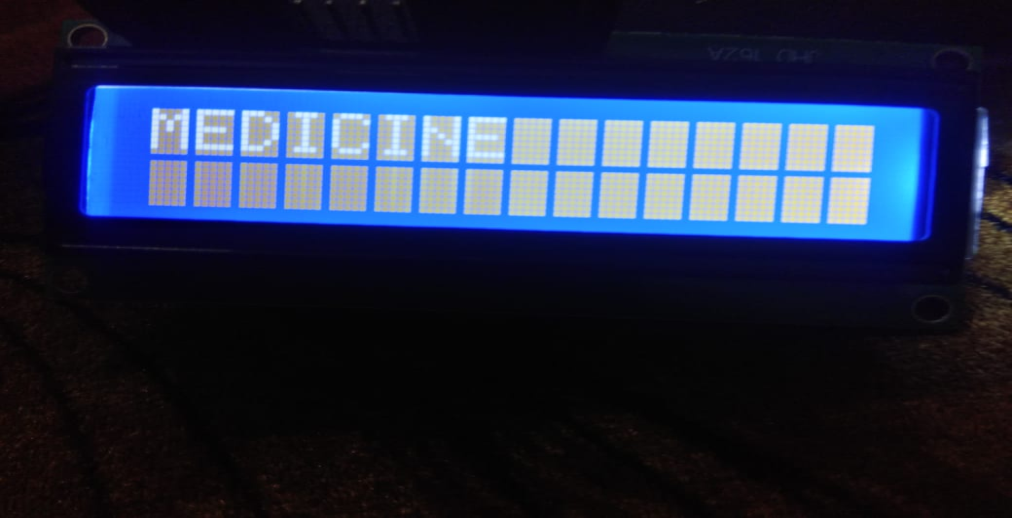
**Implementation Output:**

**Displaying “ EMERGENCY”**

****

****

****

****

****

**Inference:**

Thus, we have implemented a prototype of the motion-based message conveyer for patients with difficulties in speech and communication which will assist them is communicating with the nurses and doctors in the time of need.

**Concepts Learned:**

1. The working of mpu6050 sensor.
2. Interfacing of LCD with arduino uno.
3. Arduino programming.
4. Simulating in Proteus and Keil.

**Applications:**

Our model would be applicable for those who are suffering from speech disorders like:

1. Apraxia of speech
2. Cluttering
3. Developmental verbal dyspraxia
4. Speech sound disorders

**Difficulties faced:**

1. Simulation of the code in Proteus.
2. Interfacing LCD with arduino uno.
3. Making the schematic of the project.
4. Preparing the code for the project.